

Unit 03

Digital Globalisation Transforming the English Language

انگریزی زبان کو بدلتی ہوئی ڈیجیٹل عالمگیریت

Pre-reading

- What do you think the phrase *digital globalisation* means?

10603001

Ans. 'Digital globalisation' means the connection of people around the world through the internet and digital technology, allowing easy sharing of information and ideas.

- How might global use of the internet influence the way English is spoken or written?

10603002

Ans. The global use of the internet influences English by introducing new words, short forms and mixed languages, making it more flexible and widely understood.

Sr.	Words	Pronunciation	POS	Synonyms	Meanings
1	expansion	/ɪk'spæn.ʃən/	n	growth, extension	پھیلاؤ، وسعت
2	phenomenon	/fə'nɒm.i.nən/	n	occurrence, event	مظہر، واقعہ
3	dominant	/'dɒm.i.nənt/	adj	ruling, prevailing	غالب، نمایاں
4	neologisms	/ni'ɒl.ə.dʒɪ.zəm/	n	new words, coined words	نئے الفاظ
5	lingua franca	/'lɪŋ.gwə 'fræŋ.kə/	n	common language, bridge language	مشترکہ زبان
6	code-switching	/'kəʊd.swɪtʃ.ɪŋ/	n	alternating languages	گفتگو میں زبان بدلتا
7	hieroglyphs	/'haɪ.rə.glɪfs/	n	picture writing, symbols	تصویری تحریریں
8	reign	/reɪn/	v	rule, prevail	حکومت کرنا، چھانا
9	conscious	/'kɒn.ʃəs/	adj	aware, intentional	آگاہ، شعوری
10	adaptation	/.æd.æp'teɪ.ʃən/	n	adjustment, modification	مطابقت، ڈھالنا
11	extinction	/ɪk'stɪŋk.ʃən/	n	disappearance, dying out	معدومیت، خاتمہ
12	inclusive	/ɪn'kluː.sɪv/	adj	comprehensive, overall	جامع، مجموعی
13	regional	/'riː.dʒən.əl/	adj	local, provincial	علاقائی
14	standardized	/'stæn.də.daɪzɪd/	adj	uniform, regularized	معیاری

English Text	Urdu Translation
1. In the 21st century, the world has witnessed a rapid expansion of digital technologies and global connectivity. This phenomenon, often referred to as <i>digital globalisation</i>, has not only transformed economies and cultures but also left a significant mark on languages, most notably, English.	1- دنیا نے اکیسویں صدی میں ڈیجیٹل ٹیکنیکوں اور عالمی ربط کا ایک تیز پھیلاؤ دیکھا ہے۔ اس مظہر، جسے اکثر ڈیجیٹل عالمگیریت کہا جاتا ہے، نے نہ صرف معیشتوں اور ثقافتوں کو بدلا ہے بلکہ زبانوں، خاص طور پر انگریزی، پر بھی ایک اہم اثر چھوڑا ہے۔
2. Once the language of a few nations, English has become the dominant medium of digital communication, education, entertainment, and commerce. However, as English spreads across borders through digital platforms, it evolves in fascinating and sometimes controversial ways. Here, we will try to explore how digital globalisation has impacted the English language by altering its vocabulary, grammar, communication style, and cultural identity.	2- کبھی چند قوموں کی زبان رہنے والی انگریزی، اب ڈیجیٹل مواصلات، تعلیم، تفریح اور تجارت کا غالب ذریعہ بن چکی ہے۔ تاہم، جیسے انگریزی ڈیجیٹل نظاموں کے ذریعے سرحدوں کے پار پھیلتی ہے، یہ دلچسپ اور بعض اوقات متنازعہ طریقوں سے ترقی کرتی ہے۔ ہم یہاں یہ دریافت کرنے کی کوشش کریں گے کہ ڈیجیٹل عالمگیریت نے انگریزی زبان کے ذخیرہ الفاظ، قواعد، انداز مواصلات اور ثقافتی شناخت کو تبدیل کر کے اسے کیسے متاثر کیا ہے۔
3. One of the most obvious effects of digital globalisation on English is the explosion of new vocabulary. The internet has given rise to hundreds of neologisms, newly coined words, that are now commonly used in everyday communication. Words like "hashtag," "selfie," "unfriend," and "meme" were either invented or popularized through social media platforms. Additionally, abbreviations such as "LOL" (laugh out loud), "BTW" (by the way), and "DM" (direct message) have become an integral part of digital language. These terms, born out of the need for speed and efficiency, reflect how the English language is constantly adapting to fit modern communication needs.	3- انگریزی پر ڈیجیٹل عالمگیریت کے سب سے واضح اثرات میں سے ایک نئے ذخیرہ الفاظ کا اضافہ ہے۔ انٹرنیٹ نے سینکڑوں نئے الفاظ، نو ساختہ لفظوں، کا اضافہ کیا ہے جو اب روزمرہ مواصلات میں عام طور پر استعمال ہوتے ہیں۔ "ہیش ٹیگ"، "سیلفی"، "آن فرینڈ" اور "میم" جیسے الفاظ ایجاد کیے گئے یا سوشل میڈیا نظاموں کے ذریعے مشہور ہوئے۔ مزید، مخففات جیسے کہ "LOL" (زور سے ہنسو)، "BTW" (ویسے ہی) اور "DM" (براہ راست پیغام) ڈیجیٹل زبان کا لازمی حصہ بن چکے ہیں۔ رفتار اور کارکردگی کی ضرورت سے پیدا ہونے والی یہ اصطلاحات ظاہر کرتی ہیں کہ انگریزی زبان جدید مواصلاتی ضروریات پوری کرنے کے لیے کس طرح مسلسل ڈھل رہی ہے۔
4. Another major shift involves the blending of English with other languages and local expressions. Since English is often used as a global <i>lingua franca</i>, a bridge language between speakers of different native tongues, it absorbs words and phrases from a wide	4- ایک اور بڑی تبدیلی میں انگریزی کا دوسری زبانوں اور مقامی اظہارات کے ساتھ ملاپ شامل ہے۔ چونکہ انگریزی اکثر عالمی مشترکہ زبان، مختلف مادری زبانیں بولنے والوں کے درمیان رابطے کی زبان، کے طور پر استعمال

range of cultures. For example, terms like "hijab," "sushi," and "aesthetic" are used freely across English language social media and blogs, even if they come from Arabic, Japanese or Greek. In online spaces, it is common to see people mix English with their native languages; a practice called *code-switching*. This has resulted in **hybrid** dialects like "Taglish" (Tagalog + English) and "Singlish" (Singaporean English), showcasing the linguistic **flexibility** digital globalisation has encouraged.

ہوتی ہے لہذا یہ ثقافتوں کی ایک وسیع وسعت سے الفاظ و مرکبات جذب کر لیتی ہے۔ مثلاً "حجاب"، "سوشی" اور "ایسٹھٹک" جیسی اصطلاحات انگریزی زبان کے سوشل میڈیا اور بلاگز میں آزادانہ استعمال ہوتی ہیں چاہے وہ عربی، جاپانی یا یونانی سے آئی ہیں۔ لوگوں کا آن لائن جگہوں پر انگریزی کو اپنی ملکی زبانوں کے ساتھ ملانا، کوڈ سوئچنگ کہلانے والا ایک عمل، عام دکھائی دیتا ہے۔ یہ ڈیجیٹل عالمگیریت کی حوصلہ افزائی کی گئی لسانی پلک کو ظاہر کرتے ہوئے مخلوط بولیوں جیسا کہ "ٹیگلش" (ٹیگالوگ + انگریزی) اور "سنگلش" (سنگاپوری انگریزی) پر منتج ہوا ہے۔

5. Grammar, too, has not been left untouched. While **traditional** grammar rules still apply in formal writing, the rise of texting, tweeting, and chatting has created a more relaxed approach to sentence structure and punctuation. On platforms like Twitter, where characters are limited, users often **omit** articles, punctuation, and even capitalization to save space. For instance, a sentence like "I am going to the store" might be shortened to "go in 2 store." While some see this as a decline in language standards, others argue that it reflects a creative adaptation to new communication tools.

5۔ قواعد بھی ان چھوئے نہیں رہے۔ اگرچہ رسمی تحریر میں روایتی قواعد کے اصول اب بھی لاگو ہوتے ہیں لیکن پیغام رسانی، ٹویٹنگ اور بات چیت کے عروج نے جملے کی ساخت اور رموزِ اوقاف کا ایک زیادہ نرم نقطہ نظر پیدا کیا ہے۔ ٹویٹر، جہاں حروف محدود ہوتے ہیں، جیسے نظاموں پر صارفین اکثر جگہ بچانے کے لیے آرٹیکل، رموزِ اوقاف اور حتیٰ کہ حروف بڑے کرنا چھوڑ دیتے ہیں۔ مثال کے طور پر "I am going to the store" جیسے جملے کو "go in 2 store" میں مختصر کیا جاسکتا ہے۔ اگرچہ کچھ اسے زبان کے معیار کے زوال کے طور پر دیکھتے ہیں لیکن دوسرے دلیل دیتے ہیں کہ یہ نئے مواصلاتی آلات کے ساتھ ایک تخلیقی مطابقت کی عکاسی کرتا ہے۔

6. Furthermore, emoji use has added a visual element to language, sometimes replacing words entirely. A heart emoji or a fire symbol can now carry complex emotional meanings, acting like modern-day **hieroglyphs**.

6۔ مزید، ایموجی کے استعمال نے بعض اوقات مکمل طور پر الفاظ کی جگہ لے کر زبان میں ایک بصری عنصر کا اضافہ کیا ہے۔ اب ایک دل کا ایموجی یا آگ کی علامت جدید دور کی تصویری تحریروں کی طرح کام کرتے ہوئے پیچیدہ جذباتی معانی رکھ سکتے ہیں۔

7. Digital globalisation has also influenced how English is spoken. Pronunciation and intonation are being shaped by global media, especially YouTube. Accents are slowly blending, and new speech patterns are emerging, especially among younger generations. For example, many non-native speakers of English adopt American or

7۔ ڈیجیٹل عالمگیریت نے انگریزی کیسے بولی جاتی ہے کو بھی متاثر کیا ہے۔ تلفظ و لہجہ عالمی میڈیا خصوصاً یوٹیوب کے ذریعے تشکیل دیے جا رہے ہیں۔ لہجے آہستگی سے مل رہے ہیں اور خصوصاً زیادہ نوجوان نسلوں میں نئے اندازِ کلام ابھر رہے ہیں۔ مثلاً انگریزی کے بہت سے غیر ملکی بولنے والے آن لائن مواد کے ذریعے امریکی یا برطانوی عام بول چال، تلفظ اور محاورات

British slang, pronunciation, and idioms through **exposure** to online content. The result is a more standardized, international form of English but it may also lead to the loss of regional accents and traditional forms.

8. However, the globalisation of English raises important questions about cultural dominance and inequality. Because English is the default language on most digital platforms, non-native speakers often feel pressured to adopt it in order to access information, participate in **conversations**, or gain job opportunities. While this opens doors for many, it also marginalizes local languages and contributes to their decline. In a digital world where English reigns supreme and smaller languages risk extinction if they are not preserved through conscious effort.

اختیار کر لیتے ہیں۔ نتیجہ انگریزی کی ایک زیادہ معیاری و بین الاقوامی شکل ہے لیکن یہ علاقائی لہجوں اور روایتی شکلوں کے نقصان کی طرف بھی لے جا سکتا ہے۔

8- تاہم انگریزی کی عالمگیریت ثقافتی غلبے اور عدم مساوات کے بارے میں اہم سوالات اٹھاتی ہے۔ چونکہ زیادہ تر ڈیجیٹل نظاموں میں انگریزی بنیادی زبان ہے لہذا غیر ملکی بولنے والے اکثر معلومات تک رسائی، گفتگوؤں میں حصہ لینے یا ملازمت کے مواقع حاصل کرنے کے لیے اسے اپناتے ہوئے دباؤ محسوس کرتے ہیں۔ اگرچہ یہ بہت سوں کے لیے دروازے کھولتی ہے لیکن یہ مقامی زبانوں کو نظر انداز بھی کرتی ہے اور ان کے زوال میں حصہ لیتی ہے: ایک ڈیجیٹل دنیا میں جہاں انگریزی اعلیٰ طور پر راج کرتی ہے اور چھوٹی زبانوں کو اگر انہیں شعوری کوشش سے محفوظ نہ کیا گیا تو معدومیت کا خطرہ ہے۔

9. Despite these concerns, the influence of digital globalisation on English is not entirely negative. In fact, it has created a more **inclusive** and diverse linguistic landscape. New forms of English reflect the voices of people from different cultural and linguistic backgrounds. Whether it's a Ghanaian YouTuber mixing local proverbs with English or a Filipino blogger writing in Taglish or a Pakistani YouTuber giving the blend of Urdu to English, digital spaces have allowed English to become a truly global language; shaped by its users rather than confined by rigid rules.

9- ان خدشات کے باوجود انگریزی پر ڈیجیٹل عالمگیریت کا اثر مکمل طور پر منفی نہیں ہے۔ درحقیقت اس نے ایک زیادہ جامع و متنوع لسانی منظر پیدا کیا ہے۔ انگریزی کی نئی شکلیں مختلف ثقافتی و لسانی پس منظر والے لوگوں کی آوازوں کی عکاسی کرتی ہیں۔ چاہے وہ مقامی کہاوتوں کو انگریزی میں ملانے والا گھانا کا یوٹیوبر ہو، ٹیگش میں لکھنے والا فلپائنی بلاگر یا اردو و انگریزی کا آمیزہ پیش کرنے والا پاکستانی یوٹیوبر، ڈیجیٹل جگہوں نے انگریزی کو سخت اصولوں کی پابندی کے بجائے اپنے صارفین سے تشکیل شدہ ایک حقیقی عالمی زبان بننے کی اجازت دے دی ہے۔

10. The digital globalisation has had a **profound** impact on the English language. It has expanded vocabulary, loosened grammar rules, and introduced hybrid forms of communication that reflect global diversity. While there are concerns about the loss of linguistic purity and the dominance of English over other languages, the overall effect is one of growth, change, and adaptation. As digital technology continues

10- ڈیجیٹل عالمگیریت کا انگریزی زبان پر گہرا اثر پڑا ہے۔ اس نے ذخیرہ الفاظ کو بڑھایا ہے، قواعد کے اصولوں کو نرم کیا ہے اور موامعات کی مخلوط شکلیں متعارف کروائی ہیں جو عالمی تنوع کی عکاسی کرتی ہیں۔ اگرچہ لسانی خالص پن کے کھو جانے اور دوسری زبانوں پر انگریزی کے غلبے کے بارے میں خدشات ہیں لیکن مجموعی اثر بڑھوتری، تبدیلی اور مطابقت والا ہے۔ جیسے ڈیجیٹل تکنیک ترقی کرنا جاری رکھے گی ویسے انگریزی زبان بھی جاری

to evolve, so too will the English language and adapting to meet the needs of its global speakers in creative and unexpected ways.

رکھے گی، اور اپنے دنیا بھر کے بولنے والوں کی ضروریات پوری کرنے کے لیے تخلیقی و غیر متوقع طریقوں سے ڈھلتی رہے گی۔

Box Questions

➤ What is code-switching, and how does it reflect the influence of digital globalisation on the English language? 10603003

Ans. Code-switching is the practice of alternating between languages or language varieties in communication. It reflects digital globalisation by blending English with other languages, spreading hybrid expressions across cultures through online platforms.

➤ How does the dominance of English on digital platforms create both opportunities and challenges for speakers of local languages? 10603004

Ans. English dominance online creates opportunities by enabling global communication, education, and economic access; but it challenges local languages by reducing their use, threatening cultural identity, and limiting inclusion for non-English speakers.

Glossary

Sr.	Words	Meanings
1	abbreviations	acronyms, short forms
2	controversial	debatable, disputed
3	conversations	chats, dialogues
4	evolve	progress, grow
5	exposure	disclosure, uncovering
6	fascinating	captivating, engaging
7	flexibility	adaptability, versatility
8	hieroglyphs	symbols, pictographs
9	hybrid	mixture, composite
10	inclusive	comprehensive, all-embracing
11	omit	skip, drop
12	profound	deep, significant
13	traditional	conventional, customary
14	witnessed	observed, seen

Reading and Critical Thinking

A. Answer the following questions:

1. What is digital globalisation, and how is it connected to the English language?

10603005

Ans. Digital globalisation refers to the rapid expansion of digital technologies and global

connectivity. It is deeply connected to English because English has become the dominant medium for this connectivity, spreading across borders through social media, entertainment, and commerce.

2. Give examples of vocabulary that emerged through digital globalisation. 10603006

Ans. Examples of Vocabulary: Some examples of vocabulary that emerged through digital globalisation are hashtag, selfie, unfriend and meme. Other examples include LOL, BTW and DM.

3. What is code-switching, and how does it appear in online communication? 10603007

Ans. Code-switching is the practice of mixing English with one's native language. In online communication, it appears as hybrid dialects like "Taglish" (Tagalog + English) or "Singlish" (Singaporean English), where users switch between languages freely in chats and posts.

4. How has digital communication affected traditional grammar rules? 10603008

Ans. Digital communication has led to a relaxed approach to grammar. To save space and time, users often omit punctuation, capitalization, and articles. For example, "I am going to the store" becomes "goin 2 store".

5. What concerns does the author raise about the dominance of English on digital platforms? 10603009

Ans. The author raises concerns about cultural dominance and inequality. There is a fear that the dominance of English marginalizes local languages, leading to their decline or even extinction if they are not preserved.

6. Do you agree with the author's claim that English is becoming more flexible and creative due to digital globalisation? 10603010

Ans. Yes, I agree. Digital platforms allow users from diverse backgrounds to blend English with their own cultures (like emojis or local slang). This makes the English language more inclusive and adaptable to modern needs rather than being stuck in rigid rules.

7. How do emojis and memes function as a new kind of language? 10603011

Ans. Emojis and memes act like modern hieroglyphs, adding a visual element that conveys complex emotions instantly. While they support communication effectively, they cannot fully replace words because they lack the precision needed for detail or formal explanation.

Exercise MCQs

B. Choose the correct option.

10603012

Sr.	Statements	A	B	C	D
1	What is the meaning of <i>code-switching</i> as used in the essay?	changing passwords frequently	switching between slang and emojis	mixing English with another language in conversation ✓	using only formal English in digital spaces
2	Which of the following is an example of a word created or popularized by digital platforms?	friend	television	hashtag ✓	grammar

3	Why do the people often break grammar rules in online messages?	They don't know the rules.	Online platforms encourage spelling errors.	It's faster and more efficient in digital communication. ✓	Teachers tell them not to use grammar online.
4	What role do emojis play in modern English?	They distract from real meanings.	They serve as a replacement or support for words. ✓	They are used only by teenagers.	They improve vocabulary.
5	What is a possible negative impact of English dominating digital spaces?	Everyone will become fluent in English.	People will stop reading books.	Local languages may decline or disappear. ✓	People will stop using emojis.
6	What does the essay suggest about English spoken around the world today?	It is exactly the same everywhere.	It is shaped by global media and cultural blending. ✓	It is becoming less important.	It is mostly used by older generations.
7	Which of the following best defines <i>lingua franca</i> as used in the unit?	a local dialect spoken in France	a universal sign language	a common language used by speakers of different native languages ✓	a type of digital slang

Vocabulary and Grammar

(A) Read the sentences and identify the type of phrase underlined.

Sr.	Sentences	Types of Phrases	Reasons
1	The girl <u>with the red scarf</u> is my cousin.	Adjectival Phrase	It describes the noun "girl". (tells which one)
2	We walked <u>along the beach at sunset</u> .	Adverbial Phrase	It describes the verb "walked". (tells where)
3	He responded <u>in a rude manner</u> .	Adverbial Phrase	It describes the verb "responded". (tells how)
4	The house <u>by the river</u> is abandoned.	Adjectival Phrase	It describes the noun "house". (tells which one)
5	They arrived <u>after the ceremony</u> .	Adverbial Phrase	It describes the verb "arrived". (tells when)

(B) Read the sentence and identify the type of phrase and write them with its accurate type.

The dog with the golden fur slept peacefully under the old wooden table during the quiet afternoon. Its owner, a boy in a blue jacket, watched with great interest as the rain fell softly on the windowpane. The calm room filled with the scent of coffee made the perfect setting for a lazy weekend.

Sr.	Phrases	Types of Phrases	Reasons
1	with the golden fur	Adjectival Phrase	It describes the noun "dog". (Which dog?)
2	under the old wooden table	Prepositional Phrase (acting as Adverbial)	It describes the verb "slept". (Where did it sleep?)
3	during the quiet afternoon	Prepositional Phrase (acting as Adverbial)	It describes the verb "slept". (When did it sleep?)
4	in a blue jacket	Adjectival Phrase	It describes the noun "boy". (Which boy?)
5	with great interest	Prepositional Phrase (acting as Adverbial)	It describes the verb "watched". (How did he watch?)
6	on the windowpane	Prepositional Phrase (acting as Adverbial)	It describes the verb "fell". (Where did it fall?)
7	filled with the scent of coffee	Adjectival Phrase	It describes the noun "room". (Which room?)
8	for a lazy weekend	Prepositional Phrase (acting as Adverbial)	It describes the verb "made". (Why did it make?)

(C) Read the following passage, identify the denotative (literal) meanings and explore the connotative meanings:

"The old man lived alone in a small house at the end of the street. Some said he was *frugal*, always saving and avoiding unnecessary expenses. Others whispered that he was just *stingy*, never willing to spend a dime—even on things that mattered. His house was *simple*, with few decorations, but it felt *cold* and *bare*, not cozy or welcoming."

Sr.	Words	Denotative Meanings	Connotative Meanings	Feelings	Ideas
1	frugal	saving money, not wasteful	being careful and wise with money, sensible	respect	positive
2	stingy	unwilling to spend money, miserly	being mean or greedy with money, selfish	dislike	negative
3	simple	straightforward, easy	modest, ordinary	simplicity	neutral
4	cold	low in temperature, unwelcoming	feelingless, unfriendly	lack of warmth	negative
5	bare	unclothed, empty	lifeless, poor	emptiness	negative

Find and use synonyms with different connotations:

Sr.	Words	Synonyms	Your Choice
1	frugal	economical, cheap	wise
2	stingy	thrifty, greedy	close-fisted
3	simple	straightforward, common	ordinary
4	cold	unwelcoming, minimalist	unfriendly
5	bare	plain, empty	poor

Oral Communication Skills

(A) Partner Interview & Report Back:

Partner Interview: Asim and Asima are talking in the playground during the break.

Asim: Assalam-o-Alaikum! Let me start. What is one thing you're passionate about and why?

Asima: Wa-Alaikumussalam! Okay, I am passionate about travelling, finding nature around the world.

Asim: What is your favourite memory from the past year?

Asima: I went to Kashmir to capture the natural beauty. I saw many lakes and met with rustic people. They are simple and hardworking.

Asim: If you could travel anywhere in the world, where would you go and what would you do there?

Asima: I would love to go to the holy city of Makkah to perform Hajj. It's our religious duty.

Asim: Well! What's a new skill you'd like to learn?

Asima: I'd like to learn driving to explore the world. It is a helpful skill as I like city life too.

Asim: Good! I can see why!

Asima: Thanks!

Asim: Mention not.

Report Back: I interviewed Asima, my partner. She is very passionate about travelling because it lets her find nature around the world and meet with different people. She visited Kashmir last year and enjoyed it. Her dream travel destination is Makkah, where she wants to perform Hajj. Moreover, a new skill she wants to learn is driving to help her explore the city life.

Writing Skills

(A) Select a topic and write a well-structured paragraph using a hook, a lead-in, a topic sentence, supporting sentences and closing sentence (optional) that develop the idea clearly.

Topic: The Impact of Digital Technology on Education

Sr.	Components	Paragraph
1	hook	Imagine a classroom that has no walls and fits entirely inside your pocket.
2	lead-in sentence	With the rise of smartphones and the internet, this futuristic idea has become a reality for millions of students.

3	topic sentence	Digital technology has revolutionized modern education by making learning accessible, interactive, and personalized.
4	supporting sentences	For instance, students can now watch video tutorials on complex subjects or collaborate with peers globally through apps. Educational platforms offer personalized learning paths that adapt to a student's pace. However, this shift also requires students to be more disciplined to avoid digital distractions.
5	closing sentence	Clearly, the digital shift has reshaped how knowledge is delivered and received, opening doors to endless possibilities.

Objective Type

Spelling MCQs

(I) Choose the words with correct spellings.

10603013

Sr.	A	B	C	D
1	abbreviations	abbreviatons	abreviations	abbreviations ✓
2	controversial ✓	controversl	controversiall	controversiel
3	conversasion	conversation ✓	conversetion	converstation
4	evolv	euolv	evolve ✓	eolv
5	exposur	exposure ✓	exposure	expousre
6	fascinatng	fascinattng	fascinating	fascinating ✓
7	flexibilty	flexibilir	flexibility ✓	flexiblity
8	hieroglyphs	hieroglyphs ✓	hieroglifhs	hierogliphs
9	hybrid ✓	hybird	hibrid	hybridd
10	inklusive	inclusiv	inclusive ✓	inklusive
11	omit ✓	omtl	omite	omitt
12	profoundd	profound ✓	profoundd	profond
13	traditional ✓	traditnal	tradicional	tradittional
14	witnessd	witnessedd	wtnessed	witnessed ✓

Meaning MCQs

(II) Choose the correct meanings of the underlined words.

10603014

Sr.	Statements	A	B	C	D
1	The synonym of <u>witnessed</u> is:	observed ✓	ignored	slept	heard
2	English evolves in <u>fascinating</u> and sometimes controversial ways.	uninteresting	captivating ✓	boring	dull
3	English evolves in fascinating and sometimes <u>controversial</u> ways.	debatable ✓	accepted	simple	free

4	Abbreviations such as "LOL" (laugh out loud) have become an integral part of digital language.	phrases	acronyms ✓	slang	idioms
5	The word hybrid means:	pure	single	mixture ✓	old
6	It is showcasing the linguistic flexibility .	rigidity	adaptability ✓	seriousness	concern
7	Traditional grammar rules still apply in formal writing.	customary ✓	unusual	temporary	modern
8	The word omit means:	include	add	exclude ✓	repeat
9	Emoji use has added a visual element to language.	removed	included ✓	ignored	replaced
10	A heart emoji or a fire symbol is acting like modern-day hieroglyphs .	computers	tools	methods	symbols ✓
11	They adopt idioms through exposure to online content.	ignorance	disclosure ✓	protection	hiding
12	They often feel pressured to adopt it in order to participate in conversations .	experiments	exams	dialogues ✓	games
13	It has created a more inclusive and diverse linguistic landscape.	comprehensive ✓	exclusive	limited	usual
14	The synonym of profound is:	shallow	small	weak	deep ✓
15	The synonym of evolve is:	stop	develop ✓	hide	shrink

Grammar MCQs

(III) Choose the correct option according to grammar.

10603015

Sr.	Statements	A	B	C	D
1	" LOL " is an example of:	adjective	abbreviation ✓	verb	adverb
2	English is often used as a global lingua franca. The underlined word is a/an:	adverb ✓	noun	gerund	adjective
3	" Taglish " is an example of:	french	old English	hybrid dialect ✓	Spanish
4	The book on the top shelf is mine. The underlined part is a/an:	adverbial phrase	adjectival phrase ✓	noun phrase	verb phrase



5	He ran <u>with great speed</u> . The underlined part is a/an:	adjectival phrase	noun phrase	verb phrase	adverbial phrase ✓
6	"The wind whispered secrets." It is an example of:	simile	metaphor	personification ✓	hyperbole
7	"My computer is a dinosaur." It is an example of:	metaphor ✓	simile	personification	alliteration
8	"She slammed the door." From this, we can infer that she was:	happy	hungry	sleepy	angry ✓